# URBAN WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT Smart v. Traditional

### Did you know?

The installed base of smart meters in the U.S. accounts for approximately two-thirds of the global market and is projected to be over 50% by 2016



#### Traditional Water Meters

A building or household's total water consumption is manually read → Customers can't pinpoint inefficiencies and leaks are difficult to detect

#### Smart Water Meters

"Smart meters" allow for continuous, remote monitoring of consumption→ More comprehensive usage and price signal data and highly accurate leak alarms

### Did you know?

30-60% of water quality incidents are related to events in the water distribution network



# Traditional Water Quality Monitoring

Relies on manual, "grab" sampling techniques and field/laboratory analysis → Can be time consuming and costly

# Smart Water Quality Monitoring

Online sensors communicate realtime data to a software platform → Manages and avoids quality issues before customers are impacted

## Did you know?

According to the World Bank, non-revenue water (NRW) typically averages between 15% and 40% and can reach 60% and 70% in some developing countries



#### **Traditional Leak Detection**

Relies on regular sweeps by field teams → Can be time consuming and costly

#### **Smart Leak Detection**

Fixed sensors or automated software remotely alert system operators in real-time about various network inefficiencies → Prevents precious water loss and large bursts that interrupt service and cause property damage

# Traditional Pressure Management

Pressure valves are manually controlled by reactive programmes or field visits→Can be time consuming and costly

### Smart Pressure Management

Network water pressure is automatically and remotely controlled based on real-time operating conditions → Reduces burst frequency and extends infrastructure lifetime

# Did you know? Energy costs can reach as high

as 40% of a utility's total operating costs



### Traditional Energy Management

Relies on pump station audits or installing pump station controllers → Does not account for water demand or energy tariffs

### Smart Energy Management

Pump stations are automatically controlled based on real-time optimization and control applications → Increases energy efficiency and asset performance while cutting down energy costs

# Did you know? It is estimated that implementing

smart water network solutions could save global water utilities and their customers up to \$12.5 billion per year





The world is becoming smart.

It's time to reinvent our water future.